

`{{progressr}}`

An Inclusive, Unifying API for Progress Updates



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Applying a slow function to a vector

```
slow <- function(x) {  
  Sys.sleep(1.0)  
  sqrt(x)  
}  
  
x <- 1:50  
y <- lapply(x, function(z) {  
  slow(z)  
})
```

=> 50 seconds to complete

With slow functions we want to know ...

- Is it still running?
/ Processing ...
- How much longer? (secs, mins, hours, days)
[=====>-----] 40% ETA 8s

Progress updates in R

utils::txtProgressBar() - built-in & basic

```
x <- 1:50  
pb <- txtProgressBar(max=length(x))  
y <- lapply(x, function(z) {  
  setTxtProgressBar(pb, getTxtProgressBar(pb)+1)  
  slow(z)  
})
```

|=====| 42%

progress: beautiful progress bars

```
x <- 1:50  
pb <- progress::progress_bar$new(total=length(x))  
y <- lapply(x, function(z) {  
  pb$tick()  
  slow(z)  
})
```

[=====>-----] 42%



by Gábor Csárdi

Things we
need to
be aware of

Let user control progress updates

```
snail <- function(x, progress = FALSE) {  
  if (progress) pb <- progress::progress_bar$new(total=length(x))  
  
  lapply(x, function(z) {  
    if (progress) pb$tick()  
    slow(z)  
  })  
}  
  
> x <- 1:50  
> y <- snail(x, progress=TRUE)
```


We must be careful with output

```
snail <- function(x, progress = FALSE) {  
  if (progress) pb <- progress::progress_bar$new(total=length(x))  
  
  lapply(x, function(z) {  
    if (!progress) message("z=", z)           z=1  
    if (progress) pb$tick()                   [=>-----] 10%z=2  
    slow(z)                                    [==>-----] 20%  
  })  
}
```

```
> y <- snail(x) # with messages  
> y <- snail(x, progress=TRUE) # no messages
```

It doesn't work with parallel processing

```
library(parallel)
cl <- makeCluster(4)
x <- 1:50
pb <- progress::progress_bar$new(total=length(x))
clusterExport(cl, c("slow", "pb"))
y <- parLapply(cl, x, function(z) {
  pb$tick()
  slow(z)
})
```

=> no progress bar (output from workers is dropped)

We can do better with
R's condition framework

progressr - Unifying API for Inclusive Progress Updates

Can be used with for loops, while loops, lapply, purrr, foreach, ...

API for Developers:

```
p <- progressor(along=x)  
p()
```

Developer decides:

where in the code progress updates should be signaled

API for Users:

```
with_progress({ expr })
```

User decides:

if, when, and how progress updates are presented

It's all about signalling progress

```
snail <- function(x) {  
  p <- progressr::progressor(along=x)  
  lapply(x, function(z) {  
    p()          ← signal a progress condition  
    slow(z)  
  })  
}
```

```
# Just a regular function  
> x <- 1:50  
> y <- snail(x)  
>
```

User decides how progress is presented

```
# without progress updates
```

```
> x <- 1:50
```

```
> y <- snail(x)
```

```
> with_progress(y <- snail(x))
```

```
[=====>-----] 40%
```

```
> handlers("progress", "beepr")
```

```
> with_progress(y <- snail(x))
```

```
[=====>-----] 40%
```



Worry free use of cat() and message()

```
snail <- function(x) {  
  p <- progressr::progressor(along=x)  
  lapply(x, function(z) {  
    message("z=", z)      ← No worries!  
    p()  
    slow(z)  
  })  
}
```

```
> with_progress(y <- snail(1:10))
```

```
z=1
```

```
z=2
```

```
[=====>-----] 20%
```

Parallelization: progressr + future = ❤️

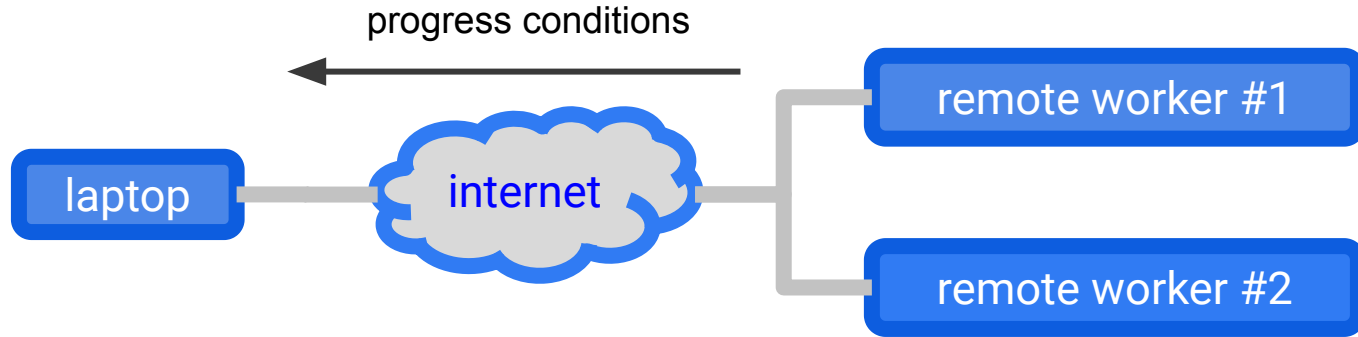


Works with any future API:

- future.apply
- furrr
- foreach /w doFuture
- BiocParallel

```
snail <- function(x) {  
  p <- progressr(along=x)  
  future_lapply(x, function(z) {  
    p()  
    slow(z)  
  })  
}  
  
> plan(multisession)  
> with_progress(y <- snail(x))  
[=====>-----] 40%
```


future + progressr: also distributed processes



```
library(future)
plan(cluster, workers = c("w1.remote.org", "w2.remote.org"))

with_progress({
  y <- snail(1:1000)  ← parallelization via futures internally
})
[=====>-----] 40%
```

Take-home messages

- Developer decides *what* progress to report on
`p <- progressor(...), p()`
- End-user decide *when and how* progress is reported
`with_progress(...), handler(...)`
- Output doesn't clash with existing progress information
- Works with parallel processing using futures

Create new progress handlers for end-users

Existing:

- `utils::txtProgressBar()` [default]
- `progress::progress_bar()`
- `beepr::beep()`
- Shiny, ...


I encourage you to build handlers for:

- Pushbullet, Twitter, Telegram, SMS
- Email notifications
- Change color on a smart light bulb (ZigBee)
- ...

There's no limit to what you can do

```
> handler("ransid_image")  
> with_progress(y <- snail(1:1000))
```



Thank you! 

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HenrikBengtsson/progressr
install.packages("progressr")